



- **1. Keep a Clean Machine:** Smartphones or other devices you use for shopping should have up-to-date software.
- 2. When in Doubt, Throw it Out: If an e-mail looks suspicious, it's best to delete it or mark it as junk.



**3. Think Before you Act:** Be wary of communications that offer deals that sound too good to be true, or that implore you to act immediately.



**4. Get Savvy about WiFi Hotspots:** Don't share personal or financial information over an unsecured WiFi network (one that doesn't require a password for access).



- **5. Make Sure the Site is Legitimate:** This includes a closed padlock on your web browser or a URL address that begins with shttp or https.
- **6. Protect your Personal Information:** Make sure the information requested is only that needed to complete the transaction. Check the website's privacy policy to understand how your information will be used.



- Use Safe Payment Options: Credit cards are generally the safest option.
- **8. Keep a Paper Trail:** Save records of your online transactions. Read your credit card statements as soon as you get them and, if there is a discrepancy, report it immediately.

Sources:

National Cyber Security Alliance; USA.gov